

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Energized Electrical Degreaser

Product code: 0321-3363

Other means of identification: Not available.

CAS #: Not available. **Product type:** Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against: Not applicable.

Manufacturer: Sprayon Products Group, 101 Prospect Avenue NW, Cleveland, OHIO 44115

National contact: F4P, 11675 SW Tom Mackie Blvd, Port St. Lucie, FL 34987

Emergency telephone number of the company: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917

Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / D.F. 5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

Product Information Telephone Number: US / Canada: [772] 408-5211

Mexico: Not Available

Regulatory Information Telephone Number: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902

Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / D.F. 5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIONTION

Classification of the GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas substance or mixture: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 2.5%

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms







Signal Word: Danger



SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIONTION

Hazard statements: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer.

Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

Wear protective clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe

dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If

eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements:

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING:

This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and

birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not

discard empty can in trash compactor.

Hazards not otherwise classified

None known.



SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture: Mixture.

Other means of

Not available.

identification:

CAS number/other identifiers:

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Trichloroethylene	97.5	79-01-6
Carbon Dioxide	2.5	124-38-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check

for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected

that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be

kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly

before reuse.



SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest

in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain

an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause

respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing, nausea or

vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousnes

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection ofNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that

first-aiders: fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing

apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)



SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

extinguishing

media:

Unsuitable

extinguishing

media:

None known.

Specific hazards

arising from the

chemical:

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol

containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition

products:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide,

halogenated compounds, carbonyl halides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel."

Environmental precautions:

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).



SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-

soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk, Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent

entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see

Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Protective Put of

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when

ventilation is inadequate. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

measures:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for

additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.



SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Trichloroethylene	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 200 ppm
	AMP: 300 ppm 5 minutes.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutes.
Carbon Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Oxygen Depletion
	[Asphyxiant].
	TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours.



SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Trichloroothulono	CA Albanta Provincial (Canada 4/2000)
Trichloroethylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	15 min OEL: 537 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	15 min 0EL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	8 hrs 0EL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hrs 0EL: 269 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 25 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 269 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEV: 1070 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Trichloroethylene	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).
	LMPE-PPT: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	LMPE-CT: 25 ppm 15 minutes.



SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Appropriate engineering controls:

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection:

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection:

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection:

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection:

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.



ERGIZED ELECTRICAL DEGREASER

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Vapor density: 4.53 [Air = 1]

1.44 Physical state: Liquid. Vapor pressure:

Color: Not available. Solubility: Not available. **Partition** Not available. Odor: Not available.

coefficient: Odor threshold: Not available.

noctanol/ pH: Not available. water: Not available.

Melting point: Not available. **Auto-ignition** Not available. **Boiling point:** temperature:

Flash point: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F) Decomposition Not available.

Evaporation rate: 5 (butyl acetate = 1) temperature:

Not available. **Flammability** Kinematic $(40^{\circ}C (104^{\circ}F))$: Viscosity:

(solid, gas): < 0.205 cm 2/s (< 20.5 cSt)

Lower: 12.5% Lower and upper Molecular Not applicable. explosive Upper: 90% weight:

(flammable) **Aerosol product**

limits: Type of aerosol: Spray Vapor pressure: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

SECTION IO. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

No specific data.

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical

The product is stable. stability:

Conditions to

avoid:

products:

Possibility of Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

hazardous

reactions:

Incompatible No specific data. materials:

Hazardous Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

decomposition



SECTION II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Trichloroethylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	140700 mg/m ³	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal	Rabbit Rat	>20 g/kg 4920 mg/kg	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Trichloroethylene	Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams 24 hours 2 milligrams	-

Sensitization: Not available. Mutagenicity: Not available. Carcinogenicity: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Trichloroethylene	-	1	Reasonably anticipated to be
			a human carcinogen.

Reproductive

Not available.

toxicity:

Teratogenicity: Not available.



SECTION II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Trichloroethylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Classific Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Trichloroethylene	Category 2	Not determined.	Not determined.

Aspiration

Not available.

hazard:

Information

Not available.

on the likely routes of exposure:

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.



SECTION II. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing,

nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure Long term exposure

Potential Not available. **Potential** Not available.

immediate immediate effects: effects:

Potential Not available. **Potential** Not available.

delayed delayed effects: effects:

Potential chronic health effects

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects:

Fertility

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects:

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5059.6 mg/kg



SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Trichloroethylene	Acute EC50 95000 μ g/l	Algae - Skeletonema	96 hours
	Marine water	costatum	
	Acute EC50 36.5 mg/l Fresh	Algae - Chlamydomonas	72 hours
	water	reinhardtii - Exponential	
		growth phase	
	Acute LC50 20 mg/l Marine	Crustaceans - Elminius	48 hours
	water	modestus	
	Acute LC50 20 mg/l Marine	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	water	Fish - Jordanella floridae -	
		Juvenile (Fledgling,	
		Hatchling, Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 3100 μ g/l Fresh	Algae - Chlamydomonas	96 hours
	water	reinhardtii - Exponential	
		growth phase	
	Chronic EC10 12.3 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonema	72 hours
	Fresh water	costatum	
	Chronic NOEC 2.3 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	water		

Persistence and degradability: Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Trichloroethylene	-	17	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.



SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, NONFLAMMABLE, TOXIC, CONTAINING SUBSTANCES IN DIVISION 6.1, PACKING GROUP III	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.2 NONFLAMMABLE GAS	2.2	2.2	2.2 (6.1)	2.2
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	ERG No. 126	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2). ERG No. 126	ERG No. 126	-	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U



SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Special precautions for user:

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code:

Not available. Ship type: Not available.

Pollution Not available.

category:

Proper shipping name:

Not available.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: Trichloroethylene

regulations:

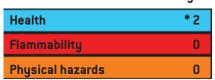
SARA 313: SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65: WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)





SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)	Calculation method
(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)	Calculation method
(Narcotic effects) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -	Calculation method
Category 2	

Date of printing: 4/18/2017

Date of issue/ 4/18/2017

Date of revision:

Date of previous 6/28/2016

issue:

Version: 2



SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the

Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Notice to reader:

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.